# Town of Gilbert, AZ

Water and Environmental Services Rate Study





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#### **Section 1 - Introduction**

#### 1.1. Introduction

Willdan Financial Services and Pat Walker Consulting LLC ("Willdan Team") were retained by the Town of Gilbert, Arizona ("Town") to conduct a Water and Environmental Services (solid waste) Rate Study ("Rate Study") for the Town's water and environmental services utilities ("Utilites"). This report details the results of the Rate Study analysis for the forecast period, Fiscal Year (FY) 2021-22 through FY 2026-27.

The results of the Rate Study presented herein include financial plans and rate structures designed to provide revenues sufficient to fund the ongoing operating and Council approved capital costs necessary to operate the Town's water and environmental services utilities, while meeting the financial requirements and goals set forth by the Town for the water and environmental services enterprise funds.

#### 1.2. Goals and Objectives

The primary goal of the Rate Study was to develop cost- based rates that will allow the Town to meet its ongoing costs (operations & maintenance and capital), and to maintain industry standard financially prudent cash reserves for the utilities. More specifically the Rate Study was undertaken to:

- Conduct the analysis in accordance with industry standards consistent with American Water Works ("AWWA");
- Develop financial plans and rates consistent with industry standards and best practices while recognizing the needs specific to the Town; and
- Recommend rates that will meet the Town's revenue requirements based on Town specific water; and environmental services utility operating and capital costs and reserve requirements.

#### 1.3. Overview of the Rate Study Process

The Rate Study process consisted of two primary study components. First, a determination of the adequacy of system revenues to meet system expenses during the study forecast period was made. The result of this analysis, known as the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis or financial plan, is an assessment of the ability of the existing water and environmental services rate revenue streams to meet the projected financial requirements of the systems during the forecast period. This analysis also identifies, to the extent required, the magnitude and timing of any required rate adjustments.



Second, specific rates and charges were developed which, when implemented, would provide sufficient revenue, as identified in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis, to recover costs in a manner consistent with general rate-making practices. This step is known as the Rate Design Analysis.

#### 1.4. Organization of this Report

This Rate Study presents an overview of the rate-making concepts utilized in the development of the analysis outlined in this report. The analysis is followed by a discussion of the data, assumptions and results associated with each component of the analysis. Finally, appendices with detailed schedules are presented for further investigation into the data, assumptions and calculations which drive the results presented in this Rate Study. The report is organized as follows:

- Section 1 Introduction
- Section 2 Overview of Utility Rate-Making Principles, Processes and Issues
- Section 3 Rate Study Development and Results
- Section 4 Conclusions and Recommendations
- Appendix A Water Financial Plan
- Appendix B Environmental Services Residential Financial Plan
- Appendix C Environmental Services Commercial Financial Plan
- Appendix D Water Rates
- Appendix E Environmental Services Residential Rates
- Appendix F Environmental Services Commercial Rates
- Appendix G Environmental Services Additional Rates



#### 1.5. Reliance on Data

During the course of this project the Town (and/or its representatives) provided Willdan with a variety of technical information, including cost and revenue data. Willdan did not independently assess or test for the accuracy of such data – historic or projected. Willdan has relied on this data in the formulation of its findings and subsequent recommendations, as well as in the preparation of this report. As is often the case, there will be differences between actual and projected data, and these differences may be significant. Therefore, Willdan does not take responsibility for the accuracy of data or projections provided by or prepared on behalf of the Town, nor does Willdan have responsibility for updating this report for events occurring after the date of this report.

#### 1.6. Acknowledgements

We wish to extend our appreciation to the Town and its staff for their cooperation during the progress of this study. In particular, we would like to thank Ms. Kelly Pfost, Finance Director, and Mr. Eric Braun, Assistant Public Works Director, for their guidance and assistance throughout this project.

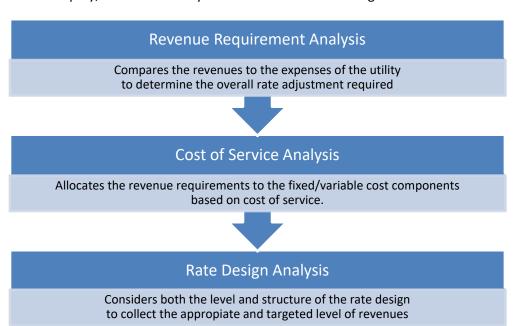


# Section 2 - Overview of Utility Rate-Making Principles, Processes and Issues

#### 2.1. Introduction

The scope of this study included the development of cost-based water, and environmental services (solid waste) user charges through a cost of service and rate design analysis. Utility rates must be set at a level where operating and capital expenses are met with the revenues received from customers. This is a significant point, as failure to achieve this level could lead to insufficient funds being available to adequately maintain the system. A comprehensive rate study typically consists of following three interrelated analyses:

- I. Financial Planning/Revenue Requirement Analysis: Create a five-year plan to support an orderly, efficient program of on-going maintenance and operating costs, capital improvement and replacement activities, debt financing, and retirement of any outstanding debt. In addition, the long-term plan should fund and maintain reserve balances to adequate levels based on industry standards and the Town of Gilbert's fiscal policies.
- II. *Cost of Service Analysis*: Identifies and apportions annual revenue requirements to functional cost components based on the demand placed on the system.
- III. *Rate Design:* Develops an equitable and proportionate fixed and/or variable schedule of rates for the Town's customer base. This is also where other policy objectives can be achieved, such as, promoting the efficient use of water. The policy objectives are harmonized with cost-of-service objectives to achieve the delicate balance between customer equity, financial stability and resource conservation goals.





The water portion of the Rate Study utilized generally accepted rate-making principles established by the American Water Works Association (AWWA) in its "M1 Principles of Water Rates Fees and Charges" manual. The principles used resulted in the development of rates and charges which are projected to: 1) generate sufficient revenue to meet the financial requirements of the water utility, and 2) address the need to recover costs from users in a manner which is proportionate to the cost of providing service on a fair and equitable basis relative to the service provided, and which does not exceed the cost of providing the service. A discussion of some of the key principles of rate-making, and how the processes employed herein are guided by those principles, is presented below.

#### 2.2. Discussion of General Rate-Making Principles

While the individual rates for the utility vary based on a variety of factors, the development of rates should, for the most part, be consistent with general rate-making principles set forth in utility rate-making practice and literature. The principles by which rate practitioners are guided is that rates designed for any utility should strike a reasonable balance between several key factors. In general, rates designed should:

- Generate a stable rate revenue stream which, when combined with other sources of funds, is sufficient to meet the financial requirements and goals of the utility;
- Be fair and equitable that is, they should generate revenue from customer classes which is reasonably in proportion to the cost to provide service to that customer class;
- Be easy to understand by customers; and
- Be easy to administer by the utility.

Striking the appropriate balance between the principles of rate-making is the result of a detailed process of evaluation of revenue requirements and cost of service, and how those translate into the rate design alternatives which meet legal requirements and the specific objectives of the utility under the circumstances in which the utility operates.



#### 2.3. The Revenue Sufficiency Process

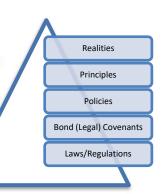
In order to develop rates and charges which will generate sufficient revenue to meet the fiscal requirements of the water and environmental services utilities, a determination of the annual rate revenue required must be completed. The first step in the process is the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis. The Revenue Sufficiency Analysis compares the forecasted revenues of the utility under its existing rates to its forecasted operations and maintenance, capital, and reserve costs to determine the adequacy of the existing rates to recover the utility's costs.

The process employed in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis involves a review of operating, maintenance and capital budgets for the utility, and results in the identification of revenue requirements of the system, such as operating expenses, capital expenses (minor and major), transfers in and out, and the maintenance of both restricted and unrestricted reserves at appropriate levels. These revenue requirements are then compared to the total sources of funds available during each year of the forecast period to determine the adequacy of projected revenues to meet projected revenue requirements. To the extent that the existing revenue stream is projected to be insufficient to meet the annual revenue requirements of the system during the projection period, a series of rate revenue increases are calculated which would be required to provide revenue sufficient to meet those needs.

#### 2.3.1 Determination of the Revenue Requirements

#### **Considerations in Setting Revenue Requirements**

There are a multitude of considerations, ranging from financial to political to legal that must be analyzed or discussed during the revenue requirements process of a rate analysis. This section provides an overview of the considerations that are reviewed during this process.



#### **Capital Budgeting and Financing**

Included capital projects are defined by the Town's identified capital

improvement needs. As part of its budget and planning process, the Town identifies capital improvements that are necessary for the continued delivery of clean, safe, drinking water and collection and disposal of solid waste.



#### **Utility Operations**

The Town's financial plans have been developed on a "cash basis". Under the "cash basis" approach, revenues and expenses are recognized at the time physical cash is received or paid out. Revenue requirements are determined for a specified period of time (in the case of the Town an annual fiscal year), by summing the total anticipated expenses to be paid out during the fiscal year. Where cash flows and balances are insufficient, the revenue requirements analysis recommends the needed additional cash flows to meet all funding goals. The two primary categories of expenses are as follows:

- Operations and Maintenance (O&M) expenses, such as salaries and benefits of utility personnel, transfers out and reserves; and
- Capital expenses, such as the annual capital improvement program.

#### **Financial Planning**

In the development of the revenue requirements, certain parameters are utilized to project future expenditures, growth in customers and consumption, and necessary revenue adjustments. The Town provided the Willdan team with a five-year financial plan which identified anticipated expenditures and the corresponding revenue needed to meet the annual expenses and maintenance of adequate reserves.

#### 2.4. The Cost Allocation Process

In order to provide guidance to the Town as to how to appropriately recover the rate revenue requirements identified in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis, a Cost-of-Service Analysis is required.

The process employed in the cost-of-service analysis results in the identification of the cost to provide service to customers. Cost allocations are then used as the basis for the assignment of revenue requirements to customer classes, upon which the development of rates and charges is based.

The industry standard approach to the development of a water cost of service analysis is the Base-Extra Capacity methodology, as detailed in the American Water Works Association (AWWA) M1 Manual – Principles of Water Rates, Fees and Charges.

The general approach to the development of cost-of-service allocations under the Base-Extra Capacity methodology is to: 1) identify the costs by functional cost category, 2) allocate the functionalized costs further to cost categories and then 3) allocate rate revenue requirements to customer classes based on the distribution of costs and customer characteristics.



A similar approach is taken for environmental services based on the number of collections, size of bin and estimated tonnage of disposal.

The resulting allocations provide guidance to the rate practitioner which, combined with the other goals and objectives of the utility, provides the necessary information required to proceed to the development of utility rates and charges.

#### 2.5. The Rate Design Process

With the rate revenue requirement determined in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis, the development of specific rates and charges can be undertaken. Once the rate revenue requirement has been identified, the manner in which those requirements should be recovered, and the billing units to be used to recover the required revenue determined, specific rates and charges can then be developed.

Utilities consider a variety of factors in establishing rates, including cost allocation, customer impact, conservation of resources and ease of administration. The rate design process seeks to find the balance between the need to recover sufficient revenue in a fair and equitable manner and the need to do so within the constraints of other objectives which are unique to each utility. By understanding the types of customers served by the utility, and the general usage characteristics of those customers, a system of rates and charges can be developed that balances those many objectives while also generating sufficient revenue.

First, the rate design goals of the utility are reviewed to identify areas the utility wishes to address over the course of the Rate Study. Next, an assessment of the existing rate design is undertaken to identify what has worked well for the utility with regard to their specific goals and objectives, and the general goals and objectives of utility rate-making. This assessment typically also identifies areas for improvement which can provide guidance to the rate practitioner with respect to the design of future rates and charges.

After a review of the existing rates and charges, a dialog of how to build on the positive aspects of the existing structure and how to address deficiencies in the existing structure occurs with utility management and staff.

With an evaluation of the strengths and weaknesses of the existing rate structure and the goals of the utility going forward, the development of a new rate structure can begin. Development of a new rate structure which recovers the costs to provide water and environmental services in a manner which achieves the goals of the utility in a manner consistent with standard rate-making practice requires an



analysis of the projected usage characteristics of the customer base to which the rates will apply. This analysis is typically referred to as a billing frequency analysis.

#### 2.6. Financial Management Goals of the Town

The establishment of specific financial management goals of a utility is a key step in developing financial plans which will ensure the financial health of the utility remains strong. The financial management goals of the Town are described below.

#### 2.6.1 Minimum Unrestricted Working Capital Balance

In order to maintain a certain level of liquidity, the Town has developed a goal of maintaining unrestricted working capital reserves as summarized in Table 2-1 below.

Table 2-1 Target Cash Reserves Fiscal Year Ending Jun		nds)				
Description	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27
Water	\$17,920	\$26,260	\$26,560	\$26,930	\$27,450	\$27,670
ES – Residential	4,070	4,200	4,280	4,330	4,400	4,400
ES - Commercial	600	610	620	630	630	630



# **Section 3 - Rate Study Development and Results**

#### 3.1. Revenue Sufficiency Analysis

#### 3.1.1 General Methodology

The general methodology utilized in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis was discussed previously in Section 2.3. In summary, however, the level of revenues generated by rates must be sufficient to recover the fiscal requirements, or projected expenditures of the utility. To the extent that the projected revenue stream based upon current water and environmental services rates are not sufficient to meet the annual revenue requirements of the systems, a series of revenue increases were calculated to provide the revenue necessary to meet those expenditure needs, while satisfying the financial goals and objectives of the utilities. From a financial perspective, the Town's utilities must "stand on their own" by meeting its respective financial obligations without assistance from other Town funds. The financial plan was developed for the five-year period fiscal year (FY) 2021-22 through FY 2026-27. The Town maintains its own financial models which projects customer growth, revenues, expenses and target fund balances for the 5-year study period. The Willdan Team relied on the Town's models for revenue needs projections.

#### 3.1.2 Data Items

Key data items reviewed, discussed and incorporated into the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis were:

- Financial management goals of the Town;
- FY 2020-21 beginning fund balance;
- FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27 budgets; and
- Capital improvement program expenses by year FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27.

General assumptions utilized in the analysis include the following:

- Customer growth; and
- Cost escalation factors.

A discussion of the use of each of the above data items and general assumptions is presented below.



#### 3.1.3 FY 2020-21 Fund Balance

The Willdan team relied upon the Town's financial models to estimate the beginning of year cash balance for the start of the study period (FY 2021-22). A summary of the fund balances for the water and environmental services utilities, for the beginning of FY 2021-22, as adjusted and subsequently used in this analysis, is presented in Table 3-2

below.

Table 3-2			
Estimated Beginning Fund Balance			
Fiscal Year Beginning July 1, 2021			
		ES-	ES-
Description	Water	Residential	Commercial
Cash Balance	\$48,664,000	\$11,673,000	\$1,227,000

#### 3.1.4 FY 2021-22 through FY 2025-26 Budgets

Staff provided Willdan with the FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27 budgets as the basis for the projection of financial needs throughout the study period.

A summary of the FY 2021-22 operating budgets for water and environmental services, as well as subsequent projected budgetary expenses through FY 2026-27 is presented in Table 3-2.

A more detailed presentation of the budgeted revenues and expenses are presented in Schedules A-2 through A-3 of Appendix A, B-2 through B-3 of Appendix B, and Schedules C-2 through C-3 of Appendix C.



Table 3-3 Operating Budget Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (\$ thousands)										
Description	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27				
	Water									
O&M	\$55,723	\$63,950	\$66,925	\$68,838	\$71,586	\$72,494				
		Environmen	tal Services –	Residential						
O&M	\$20,305	\$19,677	\$20,766	\$20,353	\$21,015	\$21,540				
	Environmental Services – Commercial									
O&M	\$3,261	\$3,005	\$3,040	\$3,075	\$3,110	\$3,188				
Note: Values a	Note: Values are rounded to the nearest \$1,000									

#### 3.1.5 Capital Improvements Plan (CIP)

The Town provided Willdan with a forecast of capital requirements for the five-year study period. The capital projects identified by the Town are required to maintain service to customers by making investments in the water system to repair or replace aging system components as they wear out over time. The CIP also projects equipment replacement needs for the Town's environmental services utility.

A summary table of the CIP for the FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27 study period is presented below in Table 3-3. The CIP is presented in Schedules A-4, B-4, and C-4 of the Appendices.

Table 3-4 Capital Improvement Plan Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (\$ thousands)									
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	Total		
Capital Costs - W	\$15,845	\$691	\$4,282	\$3,993	\$3	\$544	\$25,358		
Capital Costs – ESR	3,575	0	0	115	0	0	3,690		
Capital Costs - ESC	163	0	0	63	0	0	226		
Note: Values are rounded to the nearest \$1,000									

#### 3.1.6 General Assumptions

In order to develop the financial and rate projections, certain assumptions were made with regard to elements of the revenue sufficiency analysis. A summary of those assumptions is presented below.

#### 3.1.6.1. System Growth

The Town anticipates growth in water accounts of 1.75% per year for the FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27 period. Environmental services growth was anticipated at 1.75% per year for FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27 for residential customers, while there is no anticipated growth for commercial collections.



#### 3.1.6.2. O&M Escalation Factors

Town staff projected water ongoing O&M expenses to increase at an average rate of 4.6%, and transfers at an average rate of 16.1% between FY 2021-22 and FY 2026-27. There is a large one-time expenditure in of \$4.0 million in FY 2021-22. The water operating budgets also anticipate one-time operational costs ranging from \$115.0 thousand in FY 2022-23 to no additional one-time costs in FY 2025-26.

Ongoing environmental services residential O&M expenses will increase approximately 1.9% per year, and transfers at an average rate of 3.1% per year are anticipated. One-time operational costs ranging from no additional one-time costs for FY 2022-23 to \$1.3 million in additional one-time costs FY 2021-22 are also projected.

The environmental services commercial budgets anticipate ongoing O&M cost increases of 1.4% while annual transfers are projected to be static. There is a one-time operational expenditure of \$291,900 in FY 2021-22.

In all cases, the annual increase in water and environmental services expenditures are projected to be greater than additional revenue derived through system growth alone.

#### 3.1.6.3. Results of the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis

After a thorough review of the above-mentioned data elements, a draft of the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis was developed and reviewed with Town staff. This draft provided the forum in which various alternative assumptions were discussed, tested and evaluated for both their reasonableness and their impact upon the ultimate financial health of the utility. Table 3-4 provides a summary of the annual revenue requirements for both the water and environmental services utilities incorporating the assumptions in Section 3 of this report as compared to the projected rate revenue described in in more detail in Schedules A-1, B-1, and C-1 of the appendices.



Table 3-4 Revenue Requirements vs. Revenue Under Existing Rates Fiscal Years Ending June 30 (\$ thousands) 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24 2024-25 2025-26 2026-27 Water **Revenue Under Existing Rates** \$55,384 \$56,277 \$57,187 \$58,112 \$59,053 \$59,776 **Revenue Requirements** 71, 568 64,641 71,207 72,831 71,589 73,038 Difference (16,184)(8,364)(14,020)(14,719)(12,536)(13,262)**Environmental Services - Residential** \$15,707 **Revenue Under Existing Rates** \$15,177 \$15,440 \$15,979 \$16,256 \$16,516 **Revenue Requirements** 19,677 21,015 23,880 20,766 20,468 21,540 Difference (8,703)(4,237)(5,059)(4,489)(4,759)(5,024)**Environmental Services – Commercial Revenue Under Existing Rates** \$2,700 \$2,700 \$2,700 \$2,700 \$2,700 \$2,700 **Revenue Requirements** 3,424 3,005 3,040 3,138 3,110 3,188 Difference (724)(305)(340)(438)(411)(488)Note: Values are rounded to the nearest \$1,000

The resulting financial plans presented herein is the embodiment of the data, assumptions and review process undertaken with Town staff.

#### 3.1.6.4. Rate Revenue Increases Required

As discussed in section 3.1.6.2, operations and maintenance expenses are growing at a faster rate than the Town's increase in service units (section 3.1.6.1). Our financial analysis of the utilities indicates that the increase in operating costs is projected to outpace revenue increases through growth in service units alone. Revenue increase needs (as identified by Town Staff) in addition to growth in service units are therefore required in order to maintain the financial integrity of the water and environmental services utilities.

The budgeted increases incorporate an increase in water rate revenues of 7.5% in FY 2021-22 and 16.3% in FY 2022-23, in order to meet revenue requirements (O&M and capital) throughout the study period. For environmental services, a residential revenue increase is budgeted to be 5.6% in FY 2021-22 and 21.7% in FY 2022-23 while the commercial increase (revenue increase) is 2.6% in FY 2021-22 and FY 2022-23 is budgeted at 15.9%. The projected revenue increases are required through FY 2022-23 in order for the Town to meet its ongoing operational costs (revenue requirements) and meet minimum prudent financial and system maintenance standards.



A more detailed presentation of the pro forma, including a fund balance reconciliation is presented in Schedules A-1, B-1, and C-1 of the appendices.

#### 3.1.6.5. <u>Summary of Revenue Sufficiency Analysis</u>

The budgeted financial plans are presented in Table 3-5, which provide for funding of projected revenue requirements based on the current knowledge of expected expenditure forecasts during the forecast period, as provided by the Town.



Table 3-5
<b>Projected Net Operating Fund Results</b>
Fiscal Years 2021-22 to 2026-27
(\$ thousands)
1

(\$ thousands)						
Description	21-22	22-23	23-24	24-25	25-26	26-27
	, \	Vater				
Beginning Fund Balance	\$48,664	\$34,705	\$37,313	\$34,457	\$31,097	\$30,119
Revenues	57,609	67,249	68,351	69,471	70,611	71,772
Operating Expenses	<u>55,723</u>	<u>63,950</u>	66,925	<u>68,838</u>	<u>71,586</u>	<u>72,494</u>
Net Revenue	1,886	3,299	1,426	633	(975)	(722)
<u>Less</u> :						
CIP	<u>15,845</u>	<u>691</u>	4,282	<u>3,993</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>544</u>
Net Cash Flow	(13,959)	2,608	(2,856)	(3,360)	(978)	(1,266)
Ending Fund Balance	\$34,705	\$37,313	\$34,457	\$31,097	\$30,119	\$28,853
Target Fund Balance	\$17,290	\$26,260	\$26,560	\$26,930	\$27,450	\$27,670
	onmental S	ervices – R	Residential			<u>, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>
Beginning Fund Balance	\$11,673	\$4,070	\$4,452	\$4,093	\$4,387	\$4,493
	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	. ,	, ,
Revenues	16,277	20,059	20,407	20,761	21,122	21,467
Operating Expenses	20,305	19,677	20,766	20,353	<u>21,015</u>	21,540
Net Revenue	(4,028)	382	(359)	408	107	(73)
Less:	( ','',		(000)			()
CIP	<u>3,575</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Cash Flow	(7,603)	382	(359)	293	107	(73)
1100 00311 11011	(1)000)	302	(333)	233	107	(70)
Ending Fund Balance	\$4,070	\$4,452	\$4,093	\$4,386	\$4,494	\$4,420
Target Fund Balance	\$4,070	\$4,200	\$4,280	\$4,330	\$4,400	\$4,400
-	onmental S				φ1,100	φ 1, 100
Beginning Fund Balance	\$1,227	\$600	\$695	\$755	\$717	\$707
Seguining Fand Salance	γ1,227	7000	7033	γ,33	Ψ, Ι,	<b>Ψ</b> , σ,
Revenues	2,797	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100
Operating Expenses	3,261	3,005	3,040	3,075	3,110	3,188
Net Revenue	(464)	<u>5,005</u> 95	<del>5,040</del> 60	<u>5,675</u> 25	(10)	(88)
Less:	(+0+)	23	00	23	(10)	(00)
CIP	<u>163</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>0</u>	Λ
Net Cash Flow	(627)	<u>0</u> 95	<u>0</u> <b>60</b>	(38)	(10)	<u>0</u> ( <b>88</b> )
NEC Casii Flow	(027)	33	00	(30)	(10)	(00)
Ending Fund Balance	\$600	\$695	\$755	\$717	\$707	\$619
Target Fund Balance	\$600	\$610	\$620	\$630	\$630	\$630
Note: Variances due to rounding	3000	3010	<b>3020</b>	γοου	<b>3030</b>	γοου
Note. Variances due to rounding						



#### 3.1.6.6. Revenue Sufficiency Analysis Conclusions

Based on the revenue requirements identified in our analysis, it is our opinion that:

- Revenue projections based on existing rates are insufficient to meet the revenue requirements for FY 2021-22 through FY 2026-27; and
- Additional revenue (as identified in Section 3.1.6.4) is needed in order to keep pace with increasing O&M and capital costs.

### 3.2. Rate Design Analysis

#### 3.2.1 General Methodology

With the rate revenue requirement determined in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis, the development of specific rates and charges was completed as described below.

First, the rate design goals of the Town were reviewed to identify areas the Town wanted to address over the forecast period included in this Rate Study. Next, an assessment of the existing rate design was completed to identify areas which have worked well for the Town with regard to their specific goals and objectives, and the general goals and objectives of utility rate-making. In addition to the Town's goals, rate design should seek to achieve the following industry standard objectives:

- Generate a stable rate revenue stream which, when combined with other sources of funds, is sufficient to meet the financial requirements and goals of the utility;
- Be fair and equitable that is, they should generate revenue from customer classes which is reasonably in proportion to the cost to provide service to that customer class;
- Be easy to understand by customers; and
- Be easy to administer by the utility.

#### 3.2.2 Review of Existing Rate Structure

The Town's current water rates are comprised of a fixed monthly charge by meter size and volume rate structure. The fixed charge is the same for all customers for the same size meter. Volume rates are assessed on a 4-tier volume rate (assessed on a per 1,000 gallons (kgals)) basis for residential customers. Non-residential customers are volume rates under a domestic or landscape rate based on the respective water use. Hydrant customers are assessed a uniform volume rate.



Residential environmental services customers are assessed a monthly charge per container, whereas commercial environmental customers are assessed rates based on size of container, number of collections per week and monthly charges based on the type of roll off service.

#### 3.2.3 Cost-of-Service Analysis

#### 3.2.3.1. General Methodology

In order to provide guidance to the Town as to how to adequately recover the utilities' rate revenue requirements identified in the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis, in a manner consistent with generally accepted rate-making principles, an update of the 2018 water cost-of-service analysis was conducted.

The cost-of-service analysis update resulted in the identification of the cost to provide service to customers based on functional cost categories (treatment, distribution, customer service, etc.) and the services they received from the Town.

The water cost of service was based on the Base Extra Capacity methodology as detailed in the American Water Works Association (AWWA) Manual M1 – Principles of Water Rates, Fees and Charges.

Environmental services (trash) services for residential and Commercial refuse and recycling customers was determined by gathering account and tonnage data for each type of service. The cost of resources (vehicles/equipment, personnel, etc.) associated with each type of service was then verified and allocated to arrive at the full cost of each service line, incorporating both collection and disposal aspects.

The general approach to the development of cost-of-service allocations under the Functional Cost Allocation methodologies was to: 1) identify the costs by functional cost category / service, 2) allocate the functionalized costs further to cost categories and then to 3) allocate the rate revenue requirements to customer classes based on the distribution of costs and customer characteristics. The cost-of-service analysis and results are presented below.

#### 3.2.3.2. Allocation to Cost Categories

Water costs are allocated on their need to meet base demand, peak demand (max day and max hour water needs), as well as customer service costs such as billing and collection. Table 3-6 summarizes the cost-of-service based allocation of the Town's water costs.



Table 3-6 Water System - Summary of Functional Allocations to Cost Categories Fiscal Year 2022-23									
Functional Cost	Base	Max Day	Max Hour	Meters & Services	Billing & Collection	Total			
Treatment	\$16,350,921	\$13,378,027	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$29,728,948			
Transmission &		6,043,544	9,252,430	-					
Distribution	1,971,294				-	17,267,268			
Customer Service	-	-	-	6,400,851	6,400,851	12,801,702			
Administration	2,076,041	-	-	1,038,020	1,038,020	4,152,081			
CIP	518,250	-	-	172,750	-	691,000			
Non-Operating Revenue/Changes									
in Reserves <sup>(1)</sup>	(552,890)	(513,374)	(244,571)	(201,199)	(196,633)	(1,708,667)			
Total	\$20,363,616	\$18,908,197	\$9,007,859	\$7,410,422	\$7,242,238	\$62,932,332			

Table 3-6 illustrates the costs to provide water service to customers. Total costs are allocated to functional categories such as treatment or transmission and distribution and then to cost categories such as base or peak demand (max day and max hour).

Environmental services trash and recycling collection costs are allocated by line of business which are then used to design rates.

#### 3.2.3.3. Summary of Cost-of-Service Analysis

The cost-of-service analysis presented herein provides guidance on how to appropriately recover the rate revenue requirements for FY 2022-23. The allocations presented herein were used, along with the other goals and objectives of the utilities, in the development of the rates and charges presented in the next section.

#### 3.3. Proposed Rates

#### 3.3.1 Proposed Rate Structure Changes

#### 3.3.1.1. <u>Water Rates</u>

In working with Town staff, the existing rate structure and distribution of revenues from the 2018 Rate Study (fixed versus volume as well as between classes) were deemed reasonable and therefore maintained. The fixed charges reflect American Water Works Association (AWWA) meter capacity ratios. Larger meter sizes have the ability to provide a higher gallon per minute (gpm) of water capacity than a smaller meter, with the incremental available capacity captured in higher meter charges for larger meter sizes. For example, the meter capacity of a 1-inch meter is 1.67 times greater than a ¾-inch meter, thus



the monthly fixed charged for a 1-inch meter is 1.67 times greater than the monthly fixed charge for a %-inch meter. Table 3-7 illustrates the current and proposed monthly water fixed charges resulting from the additional revenue requirements identified in the financial plan.

Table 3-7	roposed Water Fixe	ed Charges		
Meter Size	Current Rates	Proposed Rates	<u> Difference - \$</u>	<u>Difference - %</u>
3/4-inch	\$16.30	\$21.13	\$4.83	29.63%
1-inch	27.25	35.32	8.07	29.61%
1½-inch	54.30	70.37	16.07	29.59%
2-inch	86.90	112.63	25.73	29.61%
3-inch	173.95	225.47	51.52	29.62%
4-inch	271.75	352.25	80.50	29.62%
6-inch	543.30	704.29	160.99	29.63%
8-inch	869.30	1,126.91	257.61	29.63%
10-inch	1,249,40	1,619.68	370.28	29.64%
12-inch	2,336.30	3,028.69	692.39	29.64%

The residential tier thresholds (volume of water per tier) remain unchanged, however, the pricing differentials between the tiers were modified to further encourage conservation. The rate structures for the other classes remain unchanged, with the exception of the unit costs being updated to reflect the updated revenue requirements. Table 3-8 provides a summary of the existing volume rate structure compared to the proposed rate structure.



Table 3-8 Current Versus Proposed Water Volume Rates									
Current Customer Class/Tiers	<u>Current</u> <u>Rates</u>	Proposed Rates	Difference - \$	Difference - %					
Residential	<u>rtates</u>	<u>rtates</u>	<u>Difference 3</u>	<u>Directence 70</u>					
0 – 8 kgals	\$1.20	\$1.42	\$0.22	18.33%					
9 – 20 kgals	1.28	1.71	0.43	33.59%					
21 – 30 kgals	1.60	2.52	0.92	57.50%					
> 30 kgals	2.06	3.75	1.69	82.04%					
Non-Residential									
Domestic	1.60	2.14	0.54	33.75%					
Landscape	2.06	2.78	0.72	34.95%					
Hydrant									
> 0 kgals	8.02	9.58	1.56	19.45%					

## 3.3.1.2. Environmental Services

Both the commercial and residential rates have been updated to reflect the new revenue requirement targets identified in the financial plans (Appendices B-1 and C-1). The existing rate differentials between container sizes and frequency of pickups has been maintained in the proposed rates. The commercial yard rates for the first container are summarized in Table 3-9, and the rate for extra containers are shown in Table 3-10.



Table 3-9							
Current Vers				Commercial C			
<u>Size</u>	<u>1x Wk</u>	2x Wk	<u>3x Wk</u>	<u>4x Wk</u>	<u>5x Wk</u>	<u>6x Wk</u>	<u>7x Wk</u>
				rent			
90 gallon	\$22.20	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
65 gallon	20.40	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
160 gallon	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	90.87	181.74	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	73.20	146.39	219.59	282.79	365.98	439.18	512.38
4 yd	77.28	154.56	231.84	309.12	386.40	463.68	540.96
6 yd	85.44	170.89	256.33	341.78	427.22	512.67	598.11
8 yd	93.61	187.22	280.83	374.44	468.05	561.66	655.27
			Pro	oosed			
90 gallon	\$25.23	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
65 gallon	23.19	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
160 gallon	55.09	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	103.29	206.58	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	83.20	166.40	249.60	321.44	416.00	499.20	582.40
4 yd	87.84	175.68	263.52	351.37	439.21	527.05	614.89
6 yd	97.12	194.24	291.36	388.49	485.61	582.73	679.85
8 yd	106.40	212.81	319.21	425.61	532.02	638.42	744.82
			Differ	ence - \$			
90 gallon	\$3.03	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
65 gallon	2.79	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
160 gallon	55.09	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	12.42	24.84	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	10.00	20.01	30.01	38.65	50.02	60.02	70.02
4 yd	10.56	21.12	31.68	42.25	52.81	63.37	73.93
6 yd	11.68	23.35	35.08	46.71	58.39	70.06	81.74
8 yd	12.79	25.59	38.38	51.17	63.97	76.76	89.55
			Differe	ence - %			
90 gallon	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
65 gallon	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
160 gallon	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	13.67%	13.67%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
4 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
6 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
8 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%



Table 3-10	sus Dranasad	Environment	tal Camilaga	Commoraiol	Container Bat	ess (Evetra Can	tain arl
Size	sus Proposed <u>1x Wk</u>	2x Wk	3x Wk	Commercial ( 4x Wk	<u>5x Wk</u>	es (Extra Con 6x Wk	7x Wk
<u> 512e</u>	<u>IX VVK</u>	<u>ZX VVK</u>		rent	<u> 3X VVK</u>	<u>OX VVK</u>	<u>/X VVK</u>
160 gallon	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	\$49.59	\$99.18	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	42.72	85.44	128.17	170.89	213.61	256.33	299.06
	46.80	93.61	140.41	187.22	234.02	280.83	327.63
4 yd	54.97	109.94	164.91	219.88	274.85	329.82	384.79
6 yd							
8 yd	63.14	126.27	189.41	252.54	315.68	378.81	441.95
160 !!- :-	¢20.00	/-	Prop		/-	/-	/-
160 gallon	\$30.06	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	56.37	112.73	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	48.56	97.12	145.69	194.24	242.80	291.36	339.93
4 yd	53.20	106.40	159.60	212.81	266.00	319.20	372.40
6 yd	62.48	124.96	187.45	249.93	312.41	374.89	437.38
8 yd	71.77	143.53	215.30	287.05	358.82	430.58	502.35
			Differe	nce - \$			
160 gallon	\$30.06	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	6.78	13.55	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	5.84	11.68	17.52	23.35	29.19	35.03	40.87
4 yd	6.40	12.79	19.19	25.59	31.98	38.38	44.77
6 yd	7.51	15.02	22.54	30.05	37.56	45.07	52.59
8 yd	8.63	17.26	25.89	34.51	43.14	51.77	60.40
			Differe	nce - %			
160 gallon	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
300 gallon	13.67%	13.67%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
3 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
4 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
6 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%
8 yd	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%	13.67%

In addition to cubic yard containers listed above, the Town also provides additional services to commercial customers. The current and proposed roll off rates are summarized in Table 3-11.



<b>Table 3-11</b> Current Versus Proposed C	Commercial Roll Of	f Rates		
<u>Service</u>	Current Rates	Proposed Rates	<u> Difference - \$</u>	<u>Difference - %</u>
Roll Off Delivery	n/a	\$50.00	\$50.00	n/a
Roll Off Haul	195.23	218.33	23.10	11.83%
Compactor Return	195.23	218.33	23.10	11.83%
Manure Collection 3 CY	n/a	98.95	98.95	n/a
Manure Collection 4 CY	n/a	112.87	112.87	n/a
Cardboard Collection	35.00	35.00	0.00	0.00%
Disposal (per ton)	29.00	31.50	2.50	8.62%

The residential environmental service rates (current and proposed) are summarized in Table 3-12.

<b>Table 3-12</b> Current Versus Proposed Environment	al Services-	Residential Ra	tes	
<u>Service</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Rates</u>	Proposed Rates	<u> Difference - \$</u>	Difference - %
90 gallon container	\$14.80	\$19.03	\$4.23	28.61%
Each additional 90 gallons container	8.00	10.29	2.29	28.61%
Additional recycling container	0.00	5.00	5.00	n/a
Manure collection	0.00	15.15	15.15	n/a
65 gallon container	13.60	17.49	3.89	28.61%
300 Gallon	60.58	77.91	17.33	28.61%

In addition to the above regular service, the Town also receives requests for additional services such as white good picks ups and trash collection from block parties. In some cases the additional requests for service are for missed cans or extra collection service.

The Willdan Team have developed recommended fees for each of these services, which are summarized in Tables 3-13. The recommended fees would be assessed on a per request basis rather than on a continuous monthly basis.



Table 3-13Proposed Environmental Services- AdditionalServiceFee p	al Requests er Request								
Residential Collections									
Cans Not Out	\$50.00								
Extra Service	50.00								
Missed Cans (1)	0.00								
Container Maintenance									
Block Party/Special Event	\$30.00								
New Container - Dirty/Smelly Can	59.00								
Remove Compost Bin	28.00								
Appliance Pick Up									
In Zone – Scheduled for Bulk Pickup Week	\$16.00								
Out of Zone – Scheduled Outside Bulk Pickup Week	\$85.00								
Bulk									
Bulk Special Pick Up	\$100								
Missed Pick Up (1)	0.00								

Water and environmental services rates are further presented in appendices D through G.

#### 3.3.2 Comparisons

As a result of the proposed revenue increases as well as the changes to the rate structures themselves, each customer class will experience changes to their monthly bills (assuming consistent service and use before and after the adoption of new rates and fees). Table 3-14 provides an illustration of the impact of the proposed water rates to low, average and high-volume users. A comparison of the average monthly water bill for a residential customer with 12,000 gallons of water use under the Town's current and proposed rates as compared to neighboring communities is illustrated in Figure 3-1.



<b>Table 3-14</b> Current Versus Proposed Monthly	Water Bill			
6 days 110	<u>Current</u>	<u>Proposed</u>	D://	D:55
<u>Customer Use</u>	<u>Rates</u>	Rates	<u>Difference - \$</u>	<u>Difference - %</u>
Single	e Family Residen	ıtial – ¾-inch ı	meter	
Low (5,000 gallons)	\$22.30	\$28.21	\$5.91	26.50%
Medium (10,000 gallons)	28.46	35.88	7.42	26.07%
High (35,000 gallons)	67.56	96.96	29.40	43.52%
Com	mercial – 1-inch	meter (Dome	estic)	
Low (25,000 gallons)	\$67.25	\$88.76	\$21.51	31.99%
Medium (50,000 gallons)	107.25	142.24	34.99	32.62%
High (100,000 gallons)	187.25	249.19	61.94	33.08%
Com	mercial – 2-inch	meter (Lands	cape)	
Low (100,000 gallons)	\$292.90	\$390.70	\$97.80	33.39%
Medium (250,000 gallons)	601.90	807.81	205.91	34.21%
High (500,000 gallons)	1,116.90	1,502.98	386.08	34.57%



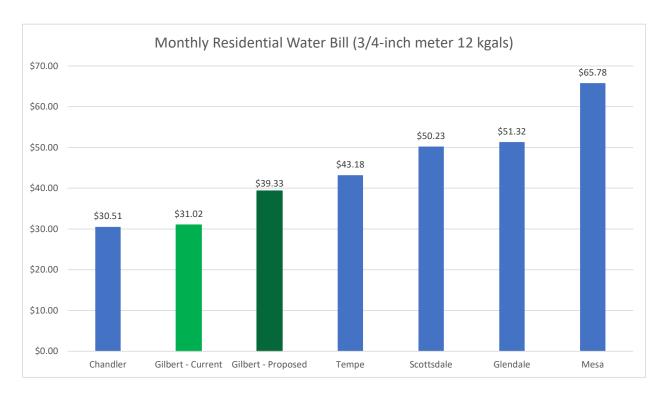


Figure 3-1: Average Monthly Water Bill Comparison

#### 3.3.3 Data Review

In order to develop the rates and charges presented herein, a detailed review of pertinent data was conducted. A description of the data reviewed, and the review process employed, is presented below.

#### 3.3.3.1. Billing Data Review

In order to develop rates and charges which recover sufficient revenue to meet the financial goals of the City in a manner consistent with the cost-of-service analysis and generally accepted rate-making practice, a detailed review of historical billing units was undertaken. The analysis resulted in the identification of the historical bills issued at each increment of consumption for each unique customer class in the system for 2019 (the most recent normal or typical year). This analysis was used as the basis for the projection of billing units (escalated to current use projections based on system growth) used in the development of rates and charges, and the projection of revenue, for the Town.

#### 3.3.3.1.1. Billing Data Validation

In order to validate that the data used in the analysis is reasonable for use in the determination of rates and charges which recover the target revenue requirement, a billing data validation was conducted.





The billing data validation consisted of a revenue test in which the rates and charges in place during the same period, were applied to the billing data compiled from the City for the same period. The resultant revenue calculated was compared to the revenue collected in 2019, as provided by Town staff.

This comparison resulted in the determination that the billing data was within accepted tolerances for use in rate making.

#### 3.4. Summary of the Rate Study

The Rate Study presented herein utilized generally accepted rate-making principles which resulted in the development of rates and charges which are projected to: 1) generate sufficient revenue to meet the financial requirements of the utility, 2) address the need to recover costs from users in a manner which is fair and equitable relative to service provided, and 3) meet the financial and rate design goals of the Town.



#### Section 4 - Conclusions and Recommendations

#### 4.1. Conclusions

- Projected operating revenues and operating expenses for the forecast period were developed by,
   and/or in consultation with, Town staff and are based upon reasonable projections.
- The projected capital project expenses have been developed by Town staff to address water and environmental services needs, including renewal and replacement of infrastructure and equipment.
- Based on the above two prior conclusions, the Willdan Team is of the opinion that the financial projections presented herein demonstrate the utilities' ability to meet its obligations with regard to:
  - Operating expenses,
  - Non-operating expenses,
  - Capital project expenses, and
  - Key financial policies, including maintenance of reasonable operating reserve balances.
- The proposed rates presented herein are in conformance with industry standard rate-making practice, and the Town's rate policies with respect to:
  - The fair and equitable recovery of costs through water and environmental services rates; and
  - Generation of sufficient revenue to fully recover system revenue requirements and reserve requirements.

#### 4.2. Recommendations

- It is recommended that the Town implement the proposed rates presented in this Report for FY 2021 22 through FY 2026-27.
- It is recommended that the Town update the Revenue Sufficiency Analysis portion of this study each year to ensure projected revenue is sufficient to fund projected expenses going forward as assumptions made during this analysis may change and have a material impact upon the analysis.

# **APPENDIX A**

# Water Financial Plan

# **Town of Gilbert**

Projected Operating Results - Water System Fiscal Years 2022 - 2027

Line		Budget						
No.	Description	2022	2023		2024	2025	2026	2027
	Rate Revenue Increase (1)	7.5%	16.3%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Sources of Funds				1,823,041			
1	Beginning-of-Year Cash	\$ 48,664,122 \$	34,704,589	\$	37,312,922 \$	34,456,571	\$ 31,096,809 \$	30,119,245
2	Operating Revenues Operating Revenue	\$ 53,291,667 \$	62,932,333	¢.	64.033.649 \$	65,154,238	\$ 66,294,437 \$	67,690,34°
2	Total Operating Revenues	\$ 53,291,667 \$	62,932,333		64,033,649 \$	65,154,238		67,690,349
2	Non-Operating Revenue	4.07.7.000	4.0/7.000		4.07.7.000	4.0/7.000	4.0/7.000	4.077.00
3 4	Non-Utility Income Interest Income	4,067,000 250,000	4,067,000 250,000		4,067,000 250,000	4,067,000 250,000	4,067,000 250,000	4,067,000 14,65
	Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$ 4,317,000 \$	4,317,000	\$	4,317,000 \$	4,317,000	\$ 4,317,000 \$	4,081,651
	Total Revenues	\$ 57,608,667 \$	67,249,333	\$	68,350,649 \$	69,471,238	\$ 70,611,437 \$	71,772,000
	Operating Expenses							
5 6	Ongoing One-Time	\$ 32,464,000 \$ 4,007,000	34,073,000 115,000	\$	35,271,000 \$ 892,000	36,754,000 322,000	\$ 38,824,000 \$	39,732,00
7	Transfers	19,252,000	29,762,000		30,762,000	31,762,000	32,762,000	32,762,00
	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 55,723,000 \$	63,950,000	\$	66,925,000 \$	68,838,000	\$ 71,586,000 \$	72,494,000
	Net Result of Operations	\$ 1,885,667 \$	3,299,333	\$	1,425,649 \$	633,238	\$ (974,563) \$	(722,000
8	Non-Operating Expenses Capital Improvements	\$ 15.845.200 \$	691.000	\$	4,282,000 \$	3,993,000	\$ 3.000 \$	544,000
	Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 15,845,200 \$	691,000		4,282,000 \$	3,993,000		544,000
	Net Available After Non-Operating Expenses	\$ (13,959,533) \$	2,608,333	\$	(2,856,351) \$	(3,359,762)	\$ (977,563) \$	(1,266,00
	End-of-Year Cash	\$ 34,704,589 \$	37,312,922	\$	34,456,571 \$	31,096,809	\$ 30,119,245 \$	28,853,24
9	<u>end-oi-real Cash</u>							
9 10	Target Cash	\$ 17,920,000 \$	26,260,000	\$	26,560,000 \$	26,930,000	\$ 27,450,000 \$	27,670,000

## Town of Gilbert

Revenues - Water System Water Financial Model

Line			Budget									
No.	Description		2022		2023		2024		2025	2026		2027
	Operating Personues											
	Operating Revenues Water											
1	Operating Revenue	\$	53,291,667	\$	62.932.333	\$	64,033,649	\$ 65	,154,238	\$ 66,294,437	\$	67.690.349
2	Other Revenues	Ψ	4,067,000	Ψ	4,067,000	Ψ	4,067,000		,067,000	4,067,000	Ψ	4,067,000
3	Total Operating Revenues	\$	57,358,667	\$	66,999,333	\$	68,100,649		,221,238	\$70,361,437	\$	71,757,349
			, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, . ,
4	Non-Operating Revenue											
5	Non-Utility Income	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
6	Interest Income		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000	250,000		14,651
7	Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$ 250,000	\$	14,651
8	Total Revenues	¢	57.608.667	¢	47 240 222	¢	68,350,649	¢40	A71 220	\$70,611,437	¢	71 772 000
0	lotal Revenues	Þ	37,008,007	Þ	07,249,333	Þ	00,330,049	<b>\$09</b> ,	4/1,230	\$70,011,437	Þ	71,772,000
10	<u>Charges for Services</u> <u>Water System</u> Rate Revenue	\$	53,291,667	\$	62,932,333	\$	62,932,333		,033,649	\$ 65,154,238	\$	66,526,141
11	Growth		0.00%		0.00%		1.75%		1.75%	1.75%		1.75%
	Revenues Adjusted for Growth	\$	53,291,667	\$		\$	64,033,649	\$ 65		\$ 66,294,437	\$	
12	Revenue Increase		7.5%		16.3%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
13	Percent of Year w/Rate Increase		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%	100.0%		100.0%
14	Revenues under old rates	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	*	\$	-
15	Revenues under new rates		53,291,667		62,932,333		64,033,649		,154,238	66,294,437		67,690,349
16	Total Charges for Services - After Revenue Increase			\$	62,932,333	\$			,154,238	\$ 66,294,437	\$	67,690,349
17	Total Charges for Services - If Increase Effective for Full Year	\$	53,291,667	\$	62,932,333	\$	64,033,649	\$ 65	,154,238	\$ 66,294,437	\$	67,690,349
18	Other Water Revenue											
19	Other Ent Charges for Service		2,197,000		2,197,000		2,197,000	2	,197,000	2,197,000		2,197,000
20	Intergovernmental Agreements		1,870,000		1,870,000		1,870,000	1	,870,000	1,870,000		1,870,000
21	Interest Income											
22	Water-Interest Income		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000	250,000		14,651
	Total Operating Revenues											

Town of Gilbert Estimated & Projected Uses of Funds - Water System Water Financial Model

Line			Budget										
No.	Description		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026		2027
	OPERATING EXPENSES - SUMMARY												
1	Ongoing Ongoing	\$	32,464,000	\$	34,073,000	\$	35,271,000	\$	36,754,000	\$	38,824,000	\$	39,732,00
2	One-Time	*	4,007,000	· ·	115,000		892,000	*	322,000		-		07/102/00
3	Transfers		19,252,000		29.762,000		30,762,000		31,762,000		32,762,000		32,762,00
	Total OPERATING EXPENSES - SUMMARY	\$	55,723,000	\$	63,950,000	\$	66,925,000	\$	68,838,000	\$	71,586,000	\$	72,494,00
	<u>Debt Service</u>												
4	Existing Debt		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$
	Total Debt Service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
	Tabal On anathra Francisco Communication		FF 700 000	Φ.	(2.050.000	Φ.	// 005 000	ф	(0.000.000	Φ.	74 507 000	Φ.	70 404 000
	Total Operating Expenses - Summary	\$	55,723,000	\$	63,950,000	\$	66,925,000	\$	68,838,000	\$	71,586,000	\$	72,494,000
	Ongoing Expenditures	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
5	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures	\$	<b>55,723,000</b> 32,464,000	\$	32,464,000	\$	32,464,000	\$	32,464,000	<b>\$</b>	32,464,000	\$	32,464,00
6	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs	\$			32,464,000 242,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 322,000		32,464,00 335,00
	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan	\$			32,464,000		32,464,000		32,464,000		32,464,000		32,464,00
6 7	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures	\$	32,464,000		32,464,000 242,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 322,000		32,464,00
6	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan	\$			32,464,000 242,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 322,000		32,464,00
6 7 8 9	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan	\$	32,464,000		32,464,000 242,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 297,000		32,464,000 322,000		32,464,00
6 7 8	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures	\$	32,464,000		32,464,000 242,000 1,367,000		32,464,000 297,000 2,510,000		32,464,000 297,000 3,993,000		32,464,000 322,000 6,038,000		32,464,00 335,00
6 7 8 9	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan	\$	32,464,000		32,464,000 242,000 1,367,000		32,464,000 297,000 2,510,000		32,464,000 297,000 3,993,000		32,464,000 322,000 6,038,000		32,464,00
6 7 8 9 10	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan Capital Outlay	\$	32,464,000 - - - 1,242,000 - 265,000		32,464,000 242,000 1,367,000		32,464,000 297,000 2,510,000 - 892,000		32,464,000 297,000 3,993,000 - 322,000		32,464,000 322,000 6,038,000		32,464,00
6 7 8 9 10	Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan Capital Outlay Contingency	\$	32,464,000 - - - 1,242,000 - 265,000		32,464,000 242,000 1,367,000		32,464,000 297,000 2,510,000 - 892,000		32,464,000 297,000 3,993,000 - 322,000		32,464,000 322,000 6,038,000		32,464,00 335,00 6,933,00

Description	2022		2023	2024	2	2025	2026	2027
Water - Identified Needs								
Capital Projects	\$15,845	200	\$691,000	\$4,282,000	\$3	,993,000	\$3,000	544,000
Total Capital Project Costs	\$ 15,845,	200	\$ 691,000	\$ 4,282,000	\$ 3,	993,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 544,000
Total Escalated Capital Project Costs	\$ 15,845,	200	\$ 691,000	\$ 4,282,000	\$ 3,	993,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 544,000
Total Funded Through Prioritization Process	\$ 15,845,	200	\$ 691,000	\$ 4,282,000	\$ 3,	993,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 544,000
Sources of Funds								
Operating Fund	\$ 15,845	200	\$ 691,000	\$ 4,282,000	\$ 3	,993,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 544,000
Operating Bonds		-	-	-		-	_	-
Total Sources of Funds	\$ 15,845,	200	\$ 691,000	\$ 4,282,000	\$ 3,	993,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 544,000

### **APPENDIX B**

### **ESR Financial Plan**

Projected Operating Results - ES Residential Fiscal Years 2022 - 2027

Line			Budget							
No.	Description		2022	2023		2024	2025	2026		2027
	Revenue Increase (1)		5.6%	21.7%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
	Sources of Funds									
4		Φ.	44 (70 000 ф	4.070.000	Φ.	4 450 000 A	4 000 4 45	h 100/ 500	Φ.	4 400 047
	Beginning-of-Year Cash	\$	11,673,000 \$	4,070,000	<b>&gt;</b>	4,452,000 \$	4,093,145	\$ 4,386,528	\$	4,493,347
	Operating Revenues									
2	Operating Revenue	\$	16,112,000 \$	19,894,000		20,242,145 \$	20,596,383			21,323,564
	Total Operating Revenues	\$	16,112,000 \$	19,894,000	\$	20,242,145 \$	20,596,383	\$ 20,956,819	\$	21,323,564
	Non-Operating Revenue									
3	Non-Utility Income		135,000	135,000		135,000	135,000	135,000		135,000
4	Interest Income		30,000	30,000		30,000	30,000	30,000		8,900
	Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$	165,000 \$	165,000	\$	165,000 \$	165,000	\$ 165,000	\$	143,900
	Total Revenues	\$	16,277,000 \$	20,059,000	\$	20,407,145 \$	20,761,383	\$ 21,121,819	\$	21,467,463
	Operating Expenses									
5	Ongoing Expenditures	\$	16,287,000 \$	16,799,000	\$	17,120,000 \$	17,320,000	\$ 17,580,000	\$	18,019,500
6	One-Time Expenditures		1,295,000	-	-	768,000	55,000	357,000		365,925
7	Transfer Out		2,723,000	2,878,000		2,878,000	2,978,000	3,078,000		3,154,950
	Total Operating Expenses	\$	20,305,000 \$	19,677,000	\$	20,766,000 \$	20,353,000	\$ 21,015,000	\$	21,540,375
	Total operating Enperiods	<b>*</b>	20/000/000 \$	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>.</b>	201.001000 +		+ 2.70.107000	<b>.</b>	21/010/010
8	Net Result of Operations	\$	(4,028,000) \$	382,000	\$	(358,855) \$	408,383	\$ 106,819	\$	(72,912)
-	Non-Operating Expenses									
8	Capital Improvements	\$	3,575,000 \$	-	\$	- \$	115,000	\$ -	\$	-
9	Existing Debt Service		0	0		0	0	0		0
	Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$	3,575,000 \$	-	\$	- \$	115,000	\$ -	\$	-
10	Net Available After Non-Operating Expenses	\$	(7,603,000) \$	382,000	\$	(358,855) \$	293,383	\$ 106,819	\$	(72,912)
	The tribulation from operating Experience	•	(1/000/000) +	002/000	<b>.</b>	(000)000) +	2707000	+ 100/017	<b>T</b>	(, = , , , = )
11	Net Available After Other Uses	\$	(7,603,000) \$	382,000	\$	(358,855) \$	293,383	\$ 106,819	\$	(72,912)
10	End of Voor Cook	ď	4,070,000 \$	4,452,000	ď	4,093,145 \$	4 207 520	\$ 4,493,347	ď	4 420 425
12 13	End-of-Year Cash Target Cash	\$	\$4,070,000 \$ \$4,070,000	\$4,452,000 \$4,200,000	Þ	\$4,093,145 \$ \$4,280,000	4,386,528 <b>\$4,330,000</b>	\$ 4,493,347 \$4,400,000	Ф	4,420,435 <b>\$4,400,000</b>
	iaiget casii		Ψ4,070,000	φ <del>τ</del> ,200,000		Ψ <b>Τ</b> ,200,000	ψτ,330,000	ΨΨ,ΨΟΟ,ΟΟΟ		ψτ,του,υου
	(1) Excludes system growth									

Revenues - ES Residential ESR Financial Model

l in a			Decelorat								
Line	Description		Budget		2022		2024	2025	2027		2027
No.	Description		2022		2023		2024	2025	2026		2027
	Operating Revenues										
	ES Residential										
1	Operating Revenue	\$	16,112,000	\$	19,894,000	\$	20,242,145	\$ 20,596,383	\$ 20,956,819	\$	21,323,564
2	Other Revenues		135.000		135,000		135,000	135,000	135,000		135,000
3	Total Operating Revenues	\$	16,247,000	\$	20,029,000	\$	20,377,145	\$ 20,731,383	\$ 21,091,819	\$	
	·										
4	Non-Operating Revenue										
5	Non-Utility Income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
6	Interest Income		30,000		30,000		30,000	30,000	30,000		8,900
7	Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$	8,900
8	Total Revenues	\$	16,277,000	\$	20,059,000	\$	20,407,145	\$ 20,761,383	\$ 21,121,819	\$	21,467,463
	ODED ATIMO DEL FAULES										
	OPERATING REVENUES										
	<u>Charges for Services</u>		1/110000	_	10.004.000		10.001.000	* 00 040 445	* 00 F0/ 000		00.05/.010
9	ES Collections	\$		\$	19,894,000	\$	19,894,000	\$ 20,242,145	\$ 20,596,383	\$	20,956,819
10	Growth		0.00%		0.00%		1.75%				1.75%
11	Revenues Adjusted for Growth	\$	16,112,000	\$	19,894,000	\$	20,242,145	\$ 20,596,383	\$ 20,956,819	\$	21,323,564
12	Revenue Increase		5.58%		21.72%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
13	Percent of Year w/Rate Increase		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%	100.0%			100.0%
14	Revenues under old rates	\$		\$	-	\$		Ψ	\$ -	\$	-
15	Revenues under new rates		16,112,000		19,894,000		20,242,145	20,596,383	20,956,819		21,323,564
16	Total Charges for Services - After Revenue Increase	\$	16,112,000	\$	19,894,000	\$	20,242,145	\$ 20,596,383	\$ 20,956,819	\$	21,323,564
17	Total Charges for Services - If Increase Effective for Full Year	\$	16,112,000	\$	19,894,000	\$	20,242,145	\$ 20,596,383	\$ 20,956,819	\$	21,323,564
	Others FC Desideration Devices										
	Other ES Residential Revenue		405.000		105.000		405.000	405.000	405.000		405.000
18	Other Ent Charges for Service		135,000		135,000		135,000	135,000	135,000		135,000
	Interest Income										
19	ES Residential-Interest Income		30,000		30,000		30,000	30,000	30,000		8,900
17	Lo Nesidential interest income		30,000		30,000		30,000	30,000	30,000		0,700
							-				-
	Total Operating Revenues	¢	16 277 000	\$	20.059.000	\$	20 407 145	\$ 20 761 393	\$ 21,121,819	\$	21 467 463
	rotal operating nevertices	Ψ	10,211,000	Ψ	20,007,000	Ψ	20,707,170	\$ 20,701,303	Ψ = 1,121,017	Ψ	21,707,700

Town of Gilbert Estimated & Projected Uses of Funds - ES Residential ESR Financial Model

Line			Budget										
No.	Description		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026		2027
	<u>OPERATING EXPENSES - SUMMARY</u>												
1	Ongoing Expenditures	\$	16,287,000	\$	16,799,000	\$	17,120,000	\$	17,320,000	\$	17,580,000	\$	18,019,500
2	One-Time Expenditures		1,295,000		-		768,000		55,000		357,000		365,925
3	Transfer Out		2,723,000		2,878,000		2,878,000		2,978,000		3,078,000		3,154,950
4					-				-		-		
	Total OPERATING EXPENSES - SUMMARY	\$	20,305,000	\$	19,677,000	\$	20,766,000	\$	20,353,000	\$	21,015,000	\$	21,540,375
	Debt Service												
5	Existing Debt	_	\$0	_	\$0	_	\$0	_	\$0	_	\$0	_	\$0
	Total Debt Service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Total On anating Functions Commencer.	Φ.	20 205 000	φ	10 / 77 000	ተ	20.7// 000	φ	20 252 000	Φ.	21 015 000	<b>ተ</b>	21 540 275
	Total Operating Expenses - Summary	\$	20,305,000	\$	19,677,000	<b>&gt;</b>	20,766,000	\$	20,353,000	\$	21,015,000	\$	21,540,375
	, , ,												
	ODEDATING EVDENISES DETAIL												
	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL												
	Ongoing Expenditures	¢	14 207 000	ф.	14 207 000	ф.	14 207 000	ф.	14 207 000	ф.	14 207 000	¢	14 404 175
6	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures	\$	16,287,000	\$	16,287,000	\$	16,287,000	\$	16,287,000	\$	16,287,000	\$	16,694,175
7	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs	\$	16,287,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,100
6 7 8	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan	\$	16,287,000	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
7 8	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures	\$	-	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,100
7 8 9	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures	\$	16,287,000 - - 95,000	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000 829,000	\$	4,000 1,029,000	\$	4,000 1,289,000	\$	4,100 1,321,225
7 8 9 10	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures  One-Time Expenditures  Five-Year Plan	\$	-	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,100
7 8 9 10	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures  One-Time Expenditures  Five-Year Plan  Capital Outlay	\$	95,000	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000 829,000	\$	4,000 1,029,000	\$	4,000 1,289,000	\$	4,100 1,321,225
7 8 9 10	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures  One-Time Expenditures  Five-Year Plan  Capital Outlay  Contingency	\$	-	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000 829,000	\$	4,000 1,029,000	\$	4,000 1,289,000	\$	4,100 1,321,225
7 8 9 10 11 12	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures  One-Time Expenditures  Five-Year Plan  Capital Outlay  Contingency  Iransfer Out	\$	95,000	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000 829,000 - 768,000	\$	4,000 1,029,000 - 55,000	\$	4,000 1,289,000 - 357,000	\$	4,100 1,321,225 - 365,925 -
7 8 9 10 11	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures  One-Time Expenditures  Five-Year Plan  Capital Outlay  Contingency	\$	95,000	\$	4,000 508,000	\$	4,000 829,000	\$	4,000 1,029,000	\$	4,000 1,289,000	\$	4,100 1,321,225
7 8 9 10 11 12	Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures  CIP Maintenance Costs  Five Year Plan  One-Time Expenditures  One-Time Expenditures  Five-Year Plan  Capital Outlay  Contingency  Iransfer Out		95,000		4,000 508,000		4,000 829,000 - 768,000		4,000 1,029,000 - 55,000		4,000 1,289,000 - 357,000		4,100 1,321,225 - 365,925 -

Description	2022	2023		2024		2025	2026		2027
ESR - Identified Needs Capital Projects	\$3,575,000	!	\$0		\$0	115,000		-	-
Total Capital Project Costs	\$ 3,575,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 115,000		-	\$ -
Total Escalated Capital Project Costs	\$ 3,575,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 115,000		-	\$ -
Total Funded Through Prioritization Process	\$ 3,575,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 115,000	\$	-	\$ -
Sources of Funds									
Operating Fund	\$ 3,575,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 115,000	\$	-	\$ -
Operating Bonds	-		-		-	-		-	-
Capacity Fee Bonds	-		-		-	-		-	=
Total Sources of Funds	\$ 3,575,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 115,000	\$	-	\$ -

## **APPENDIX C**

### **ESC Financial Plan**

Projected Operating Results - ES-Commercial Fiscal Years 2022 - 2027

Line No.	Description	Budget 2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
160.	Revenue Increase (1)	2.6%	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Revenue mercuse	2.0 /6	13.3 /0	0.0 /6	0.076	0.076	0.076
	Sources of Funds						
1	Beginning-of-Year Cash	\$ 1,227,000 \$	600,000	\$ 694,500	\$ 754,500	\$ 716,500	\$ 706,500
	Operating Revenues						
2	Operating Revenue	\$ 1,900,000 \$	2,202,500	2,203,000	2,203,000	2,203,000	2,203,000
	Total Operating Revenues	\$ 1,900,000 \$	2,202,500	\$ 2,203,000	\$ 2,203,000	\$ 2,203,000	\$ 2,203,000
	Non-Operating Revenue						
3	Non-Utility Income	887,000	887,000	887,000	887,000	887,000	887,000
4	Interest Income	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
	Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$ 897,000 \$	897,000	\$ 897,000	\$ 897,000	\$ 897,000	\$ 897,000
	Total Revenues	\$ 2,797,000 \$	3,099,500	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,100,000
	Operating Expenses						
5	Ongoing	\$ 2,398,100 \$	2,434,000	\$ 2,469,000	\$ 2,504,000	\$ 2,539,000	\$ 2,602,475
6	One-Time	291,900	-	-	-	-	-
/	Transfer	571,000	571,000	571,000	571,000	571,000	585,275
	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 3,261,000 \$	3,005,000	\$ 3,040,000	\$ 3,075,000	\$ 3,110,000	\$ 3,187,750
8	Net Result of Operations	\$ (464,000) \$	94,500	\$ 60,000	\$ 25,000	\$ (10,000)	\$ (87,750)
	Non-Operating Expenses						
9	Capital Improvements	\$ 163,000 \$		\$ -	\$ 63,000	\$ - (	\$ -
10	Existing Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 163,000 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 63,000	\$ - :	\$ -
11	Net Available After Non-Operating Expenses	\$ (627,000) \$	94,500	\$ 60,000	\$ (38,000)	\$ (10,000)	\$ (87,750)
12	End-of-Year Cash	\$ 600,000 \$	694,500	\$ 754,500	\$ 716,500	\$ 706,500	\$ 618,750
13	Target Cash	\$600,000	\$610,000	\$620,000	\$630,000	\$630,000	\$630,000
	(1) Excludes system growth						

Revenues - ES Commercial ESC Financial Model

Line			Budget										
No.	Description		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026		2027
	Operating Revenues												
	<u>ES Commercial</u>												
1	Operating Revenue	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,202,500	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000
2	Other Revenues		887,000	_	887,000	_	887,000	_	887,000	_	887,000		887,000
3	Total Operating Revenues	\$	2,787,000	\$	3,089,500	\$	3,090,000	\$	3,090,000	\$	3,090,000	\$	3,090,000
	N. O. I'. D.												
	Non-Operating Revenue	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		_	
4	Non-Utility Income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5	Interest Income		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000	_	10,000
6	Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
7	T-t-I D	Φ.	2 707 000	Φ.	2 000 500	Φ.	2 100 000	Φ.	2 100 000	Φ.	2 100 000	Φ.	2 100 000
/	Total Revenues	\$	2,797,000	\$	3,099,500	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000
	ODED ATIMIC DEVENUES												
	OPERATING REVENUES												
	Charges for Services		4 000 000	_	0.000.500	_					0.000.000		
8	Rate Revenue	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,202,500	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	_	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000
9	Growth		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	Ļ	0.00%		0.00%	<u></u>	0.00%
	Revenues Adjusted for Growth	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,202,500	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000
10	Revenue Increase		2.56%		15.92%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
11	Percent of Year w/Rate Increase		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%
12	Revenues under old rates	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
13	Revenues under new rates		1,900,000		2,202,500		2,203,000		2,203,000		2,203,000		2,203,000
14	Total Charges for Services - After Revenue Increase	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,202,500	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000		2,203,000	\$	2,203,000
15	Total Charges for Services - If Increase Effective for Full Year	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,202,500	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000	\$	2,203,000
	011 50 0 1 1 1												
	Other ES Commercial Revenue		050.000		050.000		050.000		050.000		050.000		050.000
16	Rolloffs		850,000		850,000		850,000		850,000		850,000		850,000
17	Licenses and Permits		30,000		30,000		30,000		30,000		30,000		30,000
18	Other Ent Charges for Service		7,000		7,000		7,000		7,000		7,000		7,000
	Interest Income		400		400		40.0		40.05-		10.05-		10.05-
19	ES Commercial-Interest Income		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000		10,000
	Takal On anakin n Danaman	<b>.</b>	2 707 022	Φ.	2 000 500	Φ.	2 100 000	φ	2 400 002	Φ.	2 100 000	Φ.	2 400 000
	Total Operating Revenues	\$	2,797,000	\$	3,099,500	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000	\$	3,100,000

Town of Gilbert Estimated & Projected Uses of Funds - ES Commercial ESC Financial Model

Line			Budget										
No.	Description		2022		2023		2024		2025		2026		2027
	OPERATING EXPENSES - SUMMARY												
1	Ongoing	\$	2,398,100	\$	2,434,000	\$	2,469,000	\$	2,504,000	\$	2,539,000	\$	2,602,475
2	One-Time		291,900		-		-		-		-		-
3	Transfer		571,000		571,000		571,000		571,000		571,000		585,275
	Total OPERATING EXPENSES - SUMMARY	\$	3,261,000	\$ 3	3,005,000	\$	3,040,000	\$	3,075,000	\$	3,110,000	\$	3,187,750
	<u>Debt Service</u>												
4	Existing Debt		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0
	Total Debt Service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
					0.005.000	Φ.	2 0 40 000	\$	2.075.000	\$	3,110,000	\$	3,187,750
	Total Operating Expenses - Summary	\$	3,261,000	\$ 3	3,005,000	\$	3,040,000	Ф	3,075,000	Ф	3,110,000	Φ	3,107,730
	Total Operating Expenses - Summary	\$	3,261,000	\$ 3	3,005,000	\$	3,040,000	Ф	3,075,000	φ	3,110,000	Ф	3,107,730
	Total Operating Expenses - Summary	\$	3,261,000	\$ 3	3,005,000	\$	3,040,000	Ф	3,075,000	Ψ	3,110,000	Ψ	3,107,730
	Total Operating Expenses - Summary  OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL	\$	3,261,000	\$ 3	3,005,000	\$	3,040,000	Þ	3,075,000	Ψ	3,110,000	Ψ	3,107,730
	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL	*	3,261,000	\$ 3	3,005,000	<b>&gt;</b>	3,040,000	<b></b>	3,075,000	Ψ	3,110,000	Ψ	3,107,730
5		\$	2,398,100		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000	\$	2,398,000	\$	2,398,000	\$	2,457,950
5 6	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures	•								\$			
	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures	•								\$			
	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs	•			2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000		2,457,950
	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan	•			2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000		2,457,950
6	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures	•	2,398,100		2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000		2,457,950
6 7 8	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures	•	2,398,100		2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000 - 141,000		2,457,950
6 7 8 9	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan Capital Outlay	•	2,398,100		2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000 - 141,000		2,457,950
6 7 8 9	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan	•	2,398,100 - - 41,900 - -		2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000 - 141,000		2,457,950
6 7 8 9	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures  Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan Capital Outlay Contingency	•	2,398,100 - - 41,900 - -		2,398,000		2,398,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000 - 141,000		2,457,950
6 7 8 9 10 11	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan Capital Outlay Contingency Transfer Out	•	2,398,100 - - 41,900 - 250,000		2,398,000 - 36,000		2,398,000 - 71,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000 - 141,000 - - -		2,457,950 - 144,525 - - -
6 7 8 9 10 11	OPERATING EXPENSES - DETAIL Ongoing Expenditures Base Expenditures CIP Maintenance Costs Five-Year Plan One-Time Expenditures One-Time Expenditures Five-Year Plan Capital Outlay Contingency Transfer Out	•	2,398,100 - - 41,900 - 250,000	\$	2,398,000 - 36,000		2,398,000 - 71,000		2,398,000	\$	2,398,000 - 141,000 - - -		2,457,950 - 144,525 - - -

Description	2022	2023		2024		2025	2026		2	027
ES Commercial - Identified Needs										
Capital Projects	\$163,000		\$0	\$	0	63,000		-		-
Total Capital Project Costs	\$ 163,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,000	\$	-	\$	-
Total Escalated Capital Project Costs	\$ 163,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,000	\$	-	\$	-
Total Funded Through Prioritization Process	\$ 163,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,000	\$	-	\$	-
Sources of Funds										
Operating Fund	\$ 163,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,000	\$	-	\$	-
Operating Bonds	-		-		-	-		-		-
Capacity Fee Bonds	-		-		-	-		-		-
Total Sources of Funds	\$ 163,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,000	\$	-	\$	-

### **APPENDIX D**

# Water Cost-of-Service and Rate Design

### **Town of Gilbert**Development of Rate Revenue Requirement

Line No:		To	est Year for Rate Revenue Requirement 2023
1	Total Operating Develope Beginsment	<u> </u>	
I	Total Operating Revenue Requirement	Ф	62,932,333
	Less:		
	Other Operating Revenues		
2	Other Ent Charges for Service	\$	2,197,000
3	Intergovernmental Agreements	\$	1,870,000
4	Water-Interest Income	\$	250,000
5	Change in Reserves	\$	(4,317,000)
	Total Other Operating Revenues	\$	-
6	Total Rate Revenue Requirement	\$	62,932,333

#### Allocation of Test Year Costs - 2023

Line No:	Expense Group	Water
1	Water - Treat	\$29,728,948
2	Water - T&D	17,267,267
3	Water - CS	12,801,703
4	Water - Admin	4,152,082
5	Water - CIP	691,000
	Total	\$64,641,000

#### Town of Gilbert Allocation of Water Costs

	-			
Allocation	to Base	Extra	Capacity -	- Water

						Extra Capacity								
				_					Meters &					
Line No:		Water Costs		Base	Max Day			x Hour	Services	Billing &		Total	_	
1	Water - SOS \$		;	\$ -	\$ -		\$	-	\$ -	т		\$ -		
2	Water - Pump	0		0	0			0		0	0	-		
3	Water - Treat Water - T&D	29,728,948		16,350,921	13,378,027		,	9.252.430		) )	0	29,728,948		
5	Water - I &D Water - CS	17,267,267 12.801.703		1,971,294	6,043,544		,	9,252,430	6.400.85		6,400,851	17,267,267 12.801.703		
6	Water - CS Water - Admin	4.152.082		2.076.041	0			0	1.038.02		1,038,020	4,152,082		
7	Water - Transfers	4,132,062		2,070,041	0			0	11-	0	1,030,020	4,132,002		
8	Water - CIP	691.000		518.250	0			0	172,75	-	0	691.000		
9	Addition/(Reduction) in Reserves	(1.708.667)		(552.890)	(513,374)			(244.571)	(201.19		(196.633)	(1,708,667	١	
10	Total \$	( , , ,	9	20.363.616				9.007.859			7.242.239			
10		02,002,000	•	20,000,010	¥ 10,000,100		Ψ,	0,000,000	¥ 1,1.0,1.	- +	.,,_	V 02,002,000		
11	Fixed Charge Component								\$ 7,410,42	2 \$	7,242,239	\$ 14,652,661	23.28%	
12	Flow Charge Component		(	20,363,616	\$ 18,908,196		\$ 9	9,007,859	, , ,	•	, ,	\$ 48,279,672		
13	Total			20,363,616	\$ 18,908,196				\$ 7,410,42	2 \$	7,242,239		100.00%	_
				, ,	. , ,				\$ 5.3	0 \$	6.78	, ,		
Allo	ocation to Customer Class - Water - Ann	ual Basis				Maximum Day				Max	imum Hour			
			Average Daily											
14	Customer Class To	otal Annual Flow	Flow	Base	Capacity Factor	Total Capacity	Extra	Capacity	Capacity Factor	Total C	apacity	Extra Capacity		
15	COM	1,181,418	3,237		108%	3,480		243	232%		7,497	4,260		
16	CI	214,501	588		105%	620		32	227%		1,335	747		
17	HYD	100,339	275		166%	455		181	357%		981	706		
18	MU	47,850	131		131%	172		41	282%		370	239		
19	IRR	2,968,870	8,134		126%	10,224		2,090	271%		22,027	13,893		
19	MF	495,346	1,357		112%	1,516		159	241%		3,266	1,909		
20	SF	10,839,796	29,698		101%	29,907		208	217%		64,431	34,733		
21	SCH Total	167,767	460 43.879		116%	531 46.905		71 3.025	249%		1,144	685 57.173		
22	lotai	16,015,887	43,879			46,905		3,025			101,052	57,173		
23	Allocated Costs			20,363,616			¢ 10	8,908,196				\$ 9.007.859	\$ 48.279.672	
24	Billing Units		•	16,015,887			φ 10	3,025				57,173	, .,.	
25	Rate						\$	6.249.85				\$ 157.56		
23	rato		`	1.27			Ψ	0,240.00				ψ 107.00		
													Total Base Extra	
				Base Costs			Max I	Day Costs		Max Ho	ur Costs		Capacity Costs	
				Allocated to				cated to		Allocated to	Customer	Meters & Services &	Allocated to	Cost
26	Customer Class To	otal Annual Flow	(	Customer Class		Extra Capacity	Custo	mer Class	Extra Capacity	Cla	ass	Billing & Collection Costs	Customer Class	Distribution
27	COM	1,181,418	9	1,502,130		243	\$ -	1,519,168		0 \$	671,224		\$ 4,827,435	89
28	CI	214,501	\$			32		200,008		7 \$	117,752			19
29	HYD	100,339	\$			181		1,128,172		6 \$	111,273			
30	MU	47,850	9			41	-	254,530		9 \$	37,668			19
31	IRR	2,968,870		3,774,810				3,063,319	13,89		2,188,917		\$ 19,027,046	
31	MF	495,346	\$	020,011		159		993,572	1,90		300,800			39
32	SF	10,839,796	\$			208		1,302,678	34,73		5,472,361			
33	SCH_	167,767	_ 9			71		446,748		5 \$	107,864			19
34	Total	16,015,887		20,363,616		3,025	18	8,908,196	57,17	3	9,007,859	14,652,661	62,932,333	100%

### Town of Gilbert Calculation of Fixed Charge Rates/ Revenue - Water FY 2023

Line														
No:	_													
1	Total Water Re			\$	62,932,333									
2	Percent from F				47%									
3			Requirement - Wa	ater \$	29,578,197									
4	Total Equivaler				116,647									
5	Monthly Water	Fixed Charge pe	r Equivalent Mete	r \$	21.13									
	Water Fixed C	harge - By Mete												
			Monthly Water											
	Meter Size		Fixed Charge											
1	0.75	1.00												
2	1	1.67												
3	1 1/2	3.33												
4	2	5.33												
5	3	10.67	\$ 225.47											
6	4	16.67	\$ 352.25											
7	6	33.33												
8	8	53.33												
9	10		\$ 1,619.68											
10	12	143.33	\$ 3,028.69											
		,												
	Water													
	<u> </u>	1	0014	01	10/5			05	0011				,,,,,,	
		Class>	COM	CI	HYD	MU	MF	SF	SCH		Calculation o	f Equivalent Mete		side
													Inside / Outside	Equivalent
	Meter Size	Billing Basis>	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Total	Bills	Equiv. Factor	Factor	Meters
	0.75		5,891	7,235	-	658	407	758,265	36	772,493	772,493	1.00	1.00	64,374
	1.00		16,302	3,840	98	1,116	788	232,801	122	255,067	255,067	1.67	1.00	35,497
	1.50		12.897	147	-	732	2.120	528	232	16,655	16.655	3.33	1.00	4.622

												inoldo /	
												Outside	Equivalent
Meter Size	Billing Basis>	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Bills	Total	Bills	Equiv. Factor	Factor	Meters
0.75		5,891	7,235	-	658	407	758,265	36	772,493	772,493	1.00	1.00	64,374
1.00		16,302	3,840	98	1,116	788	232,801	122	255,067	255,067	1.67	1.00	35,497
1.50		12,897	147	-	732	2,120	528	232	16,655	16,655	3.33	1.00	4,622
2.00		13,445	49	-	1,667	4,776	86	1,579	21,603	21,603	5.33	1.00	9,595
3.00		171	-	1,276	77	24	-	452	2,000	2,000	10.67	1.00	1,779
4.00		122	-	-	24	37	-	60	243	243	16.67	1.00	338
6.00		-	-	-	5	49	-	37	91	91	33.33	1.00	252
8.00		-	-	-	2	-	-	24	26	26	53.33	1.00	118
10.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76.65	1.00	-
12.00		6	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	143.33	1.00	73
Total	_	48 835	11 271	1 374	4 282	8 201	991 681	2 542	1 068 185	1 068 185			116 647

#### Residential Cost of Service

Service Charge, \$ per Bill	Rate	Bills	Revenue
0.75	\$21.13	758,672	\$16,031,419
1.00	35.29	233,588	8,243,006
1.50	70.37	2,649	186,368
2.00	112.63	4,863	547,667
3.00	225.47	24	5,506
4.00	352.25	37	12,903
6.00	704.29	49	34,398

Total Service Charge Revenue

\$25,061,266

Volume Charge Revenue to be Recovered

\$20,690,224

	% Volume in	Billed	Cumulative	Volume	Rate
Block	Block	Volume	Factor	Rate (kgals)	Revenue
0 - 8 kgals	52.64%	5,966,819	1.00	\$1.42	\$8,447,731
9 - 20 kgals	27.80%	3,151,169	1.21	1.71	5,398,267
21 - 30 kgals	7.97%	903,411	1.47	2.52	2,161,269
Over 30 kgals	11.59%	1,313,743	1.49	3.75	4,682,957
Total	100%	11,335,142		-	\$20,690,224

#### Non-Residential Cost of Service

Service Charge, \$ per Bill	Rate	Bills	Revenue
0.75	\$21.13	13,821	\$292,044
1.00	35.29	21,381	754,495
1.50	70.37	14,007	985,608
2.00	112.63	16,740	1,885,376
3.00	225.47	700	157,836
4.00	352.25	207	72,758
6.00	704.29	42	29,381
8.00	1,126.91	26	29,812
10.00	1,619.68	0	0
12.00	3,028.69	6	18,490

Total Service Charge Revenue

\$4,225,801

Volume Charge Revenue to be Recovered

\$11,702,675

	% Volume in	Billed	Cumulative	Volume	Rate
Block	Block	Volume	Factor	Rate (kgals)	Revenue
Water	100.00%	1,611,537	1.00	\$2.14	\$3,447,096
Land	100.00%	2,968,870	1.30	2.78	8,255,580
				-	
Total		4,580,407			\$11,702,675

#### **Hydrant Cost of Service**

Total		100,339			\$961,237
Water	100.00%	100,339	1.00	\$9.58	\$961,237
Block	% Volume in Block	Billed Volume	Cumulative Factor	Volume Rate (kgals)	Rate Revenue
Volume Charge Revenue to be Recovered					\$961,237
Total Service Charge Revenue				-	\$291,130
6.00		704.29	0	0	
4.00		352.25	0	0	
3.00		225.47	1,276	287,683	
2.00		112.63	0	0	
1.50		70.37	0	0	
1.00		35.29	98	3,447	
0.75		\$21.13	0	\$0	
Service Charge, \$ per Bill		Rate	Bills	Revenue	

### **APPENDIX E**

**ESR** Rate Design

#### **Town of Gilbert** Rate Design FY 2022-23

Line No:	Container Size	Frequency	Containers	Rate	Revenue
1	90 Gallon	1	81,511	\$ 19.03	\$18,617,343
2	90 Gallon - Extra Cart	1	7,159	10.29	883,868
3	Additional Recycling Cart	1	0	1.00	-
4	Manure Collection	1	0	15.15	-
5	65 Gallon	1	1,825	17.49	382,940
6	300 Gallon	1	11	77.91	9,849
	Total		90,505		\$19,894,000

## **APPENDIX F**

**ESC** Rate Design

#### **Town of Gilbert** Rate Design FY 2022-23

Line No:	Container Size	Frequency	Accounts	Rate	Revenue
1	90 Gallon	1	314	\$ 25.23	\$ 95,08
2	65 Gallon	1	25	23.19	6,95
3	160 Gallon	1	0	55.09	-
4	160 Gallon Extra Can	1	0	30.06	_
5	300 Gallon	1	17	103.29	21,07
					21,07
6	300 Gallon	2	0	206.58	-
7	300 Gallon Extra Can	1	16	56.37	10,82
8	300 Gallon Extra Can	2	0	112.73	-
		71 . 6			
9	3 CY	First Container	153	83.20	152,76
10	3 CY	2	46	166.40	
					91,85
11	3 CY	3	27	249.60	80,87
12	3 CY	4	0	321.44	-
13	3 CY	5	0	416.00	-
14	3 CY	6	0	499.20	-
15	3 CY	7	0	582.40	_
	4 CY	1	68		
16				87.84	71,67
17	4 CY	2	5	175.68	10,54
18	4 CY	3	3	263.52	9,48
19	4 CY	4	0	351.37	-
20	4 CY	5	1	439.21	5,27
21	4 CY	6	0	527.05	- 0,21
22	4 CY	7	0	614.89	-
23	6 CY	1	151	97.12	175,97
24	6 CY	2	90	194.24	209,78
25	6 CY	3	36	291.36	125,86
26	6 CY	4	9	388.49	41,95
27	6 CY	5	12	485.61	69,92
28	6 CY	6	3	582.73	20,97
29	6 CY	7	1	679.85	8,15
30	8 CY	1	47	106.40	60,01
31	8 CY	2	33	212.81	84,27
		3			
32	8 CY		25	319.21	95,76
33	8 CY	4	6	425.61	30,64
34	8 CY	5	7	532.02	44,68
35	8 CY	6	8	638.42	61,28
36	8 CY	7	0	744.82	· -
		Additional Containers			
37	3 CY	1	5	48.56	2,91
38	3 CY	2	2	97.12	2,33
39	3 CY	3	0	145.69	-
40	3 CY	4	0	194.24	-
41	3 CY	5	0	242.80	-
42	3 CY	6	0	291.36	-
43	3 CY	7	0	339.93	_
44	4 CY	1	0		
				53.20	
45	4 CY	2	0	106.40	-
46	4 CY	3	3	159.60	5,74
47	4 CY	4	0	212.81	-
48	4 CY	5	0	266.00	_
49	4 CY	6	0	319.21	
					-
50	4 CY	7	0	372.40	-
51	6 CY	1	45	62.48	33,74
52	6 CY	2	121	124.96	181,44
53	6 CY	3	65	187.45	146,20
54	6 CY	4	5	249.93	14,99
55	6 CY	5	15	312.41	56,23
56	6 CY	6	0	374.89	-
57	6 CY	7	1	437.38	5,24
58	8 CY	1	19	71.77	16,36
59	8 CY	2	32	143.53	55,11
60	8 CY	3	20	215.30	51,67
61	8 CY	4	5	287.05	17,22
62	8 CY	5	4	358.82	17,22
63	8 CY	6	2	430.58	10,33
~~			0	502.35	
64	8 CY	7			_

#### Town of Gilbert Rate Design FY 2022-23

Roll Off & Other Services								
1	Rolloff Delivery	1	242	50.00		12,100		
2	Rolloff Return	1	1,729	218.33		377,496		
3	Compactor Return	1	71	218.33		15,502		
4	Manure Collection 3 CY	1	600	98.95		59,372		
5	Manure Collection 6 CY	1	0	112.87		-		
6	Cardboard Collection	1	2,820	35.00		98,700		
7	Total Tonnage	1	10,991	31.50		346,203		
	Total				\$	909,372		

### **APPENDIX G**

# Environmental Services Additional Rates

Single Request			Fee p	er Request	Rev	enue
		Cost	Cost	_	Cost	
Service	Requests	All Requests	Based	Recommended	Based	Recommended
ASL Collections						
Service Both Cans	325	\$14,277	\$43.93	\$45.00	\$14,277	\$14,625
Cans Not Out	126	5,535	43.93	50.00	5,535	6,300
Extra Service	138	6,062	43.93	50.00	6,062	6,900
Missed Cans	3,249	142,724	43.93	0.00	142,724	0
Missed Several Cans/Entire Street	572	25,127	43.93	0.00	25,127	0
Total	4,410			_	\$193,726	\$27,825
Container Maintenance						
Block Party/Special Event	78	\$2,160	\$27.69	\$30.00	\$2,160	\$2,340
New Container - Dirty/Smelly Can	91	2,520	27.69	59.00	2,520	5,369
Remove Compost Bin	30	831	27.69	28.00	831	840
Total	199			_	\$5,511	\$8,549
Appliance Pick Up						
White Goods	1,762	\$148,200	\$84.11	\$85.00	\$148,200	\$149,770
Total	1,762			_	\$148,200	\$149,770
Bulk						
Bulk Special Pickup	994	\$99,501	\$100.10	\$100.00	\$99,501	\$99,400
Possible Missed Pickup	628	62,864	100.10	0.00	62,864	0
Missed Pickup	89	8,909	100.10	0.00	8,909	0
Bulk Service	500	50,051	100.10	100.00	50,051	50,000
Total	2,211	·		_	\$221,325	\$149,400
Total Single Request	8,582				\$568,761	\$335,544

Multiple Routed			Fee p	oer Request	Rev	enue
		Cost	Cost	_	Cost	
Service	Requests	All Requests	Based	Recommended	Based	Recommended
ASL Collections						
Service Both Cans	325	\$5,713	\$17.58	\$18.00	\$5,713	\$5,850
Cans Not Out	126	2,215	17.58	25.00	2,215	3,150
Extra Service	138	2,426	17.58	25.00	2,426	3,450
Missed Cans	3,249	57,112	17.58	0.00	57,112	0
Missed Several Cans/Entire Street	572	10,055	17.58	0.00	10,055	0
Total	4,410			<del>-</del>	\$77,521	\$12,450
Container Maintenance						
Block Party/Special Event	78	\$934	\$11.98	\$15.00	\$934	\$1,170
Dirty/Smelly Can	91	1,090	11.98	12.00	1,090	1,092
Remove Compost Bin	30	359	11.98	12.00	359	360
Total	199			<del>-</del>	\$2,384	\$2,622
Appliance Pick Up						
White Goods	1,762	\$28,078	\$15.94	\$16.00	\$28,078	\$28,192
Total	1,762	'		<del>-</del>	\$28,078	\$28,192
Bulk						
Bulk Special Pickup	994	\$ 70,918.64	\$71.35	\$72.00	\$70,919	\$71,568
Possible Missed Pickup	628	44,806	71.35	0.00	44,806	0
Missed Pickup	89	6,350	71.35	0.00	6,350	0
Bulk Service	500	35,673	71.35	72.00	35,673	36,000
Total	2,211			_	\$157,748	\$107,568
Total Multiple Routed	8,582				\$265,730	\$150,832

