## Standard Commercial and Industrial Site Plan Notes March 11, 2004

- 1. All utility lines less than 69 KV on or contiguous to the site shall be installed or relocated under ground.
- All trash enclosures shall include fully opaque screening gates, finished and painted to
  match the enclosure. Screening gates shall not open into vehicular drive aisles. Trash
  enclosures are not required in industrial districts if located inside an enclosed yard
  which is screened by a perimeter wall at least 6 feet in height.
- 3. All outdoor storage areas for storage of materials and equipment shall be fully screened from view by a 6' solid masonry wall. Industrial storage screen walls shall be finished where they are exposed to public view from streets or adjacent non-industrial uses.
- 4. S.E.S. panels and any other above ground utility cabinet shall be fully screened from view from streets or from areas accessible to customers and the general public. Screening may be accomplished by any one of the following methods:
  - a. Fully recessing the cabinet into the building and enclosing it by a solid door or doors separate from the cabinet;
  - b.Screening with a decorative masonry wall of the same height as the panel. The screen wall may be L-shaped, U-shaped or a straight wall parallel to the cabinet, depending on the location of the cabinet;
  - c. An alternative screening method approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance of any permits.
- 5. The location of all electrical utility equipment shall be identified on the construction plans.
- 6. Roof-mounted mechanical equipment shall be fully screened by either one of the following methods:
  - a. The parapet wall of the building shall equal or exceed the height of the mechanical units, or:
  - b.By locating the mechanical equipment behind the roof planes in the case of mansard, hip or other than flat roof.
- 7. Roof mounted mechanical equipment enclosures or equipment screen walls shall not project above the roof parapet. To the extent permitted by law, satellite dishes shall be fully screened by a parapet wall.
- 8. Ground mounted mechanical equipment shall be fully screened from view (from streets or surrounding commercial uses) by a combination of decorative walls and an evergreen vegetative hedge equal to or exceeding the height of the equipment.
- 9. Pneumatic tubes, whether metal or plastic, shall be either:

- a. Enclosed in pilasters, columns or other architectural features of the canopy or building, or;
- b. Routed under ground.
- 10. All backflow prevention devices 2" or larger shall be screened with landscape located within a 6' radius of the device. All backflow preventers less than 2" shall be placed in a wire cage painted to match the primary building color.
- 11. All freestanding light poles shall:
  - a. Be located within landscaped areas or planter islands.
  - b. Have concrete bases painted to match the primary building color or finished to match parking screen walls. Concrete bases for light poles shall not exceed a height of 30" from adjacent grade.
  - c. Be located to avoid conflict with trees.
- 12. Site lighting shall comply with the light and glare criteria set forth in Section 11.22.A of the ULDC, including a maximum freestanding light fixture height of 25'. The maximum height of a building mounted light fixture is 14'. The maximum height of a freestanding light fixture located within 100' of a residential zoning district or property designated for residential development in the General Plan is 14'.
- 13. Landscaped areas adjacent to public right-of-way shall be mounded and naturally contoured. No more than 50% of the required (right-of-way and landscaping tracts) landscaping fronting adjacent streets may be used for retention. Retention area side slopes shall be varied, and no slope shall exceed a 4:1 maximum.
- 14. Commercial building downspouts shall be internalized. Industrial buildings may use exposed downspouts if articulated with the architecture of the building and built with a durable material such as steel.
- 15. Commercial development vehicular access points and pedestrian access ways shall include special paving treatment such as integral colored stamped concrete, Boamanite, or similar alternative. Location and material shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Department prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- 16. Customer, employee and visitor parking shall be screened from street view by low masonry walls. The parking screen walls shall be finished on both sides **using** the same materials and colors, and a design to complement that of the main building.
- 17. All exterior metal shall be finished or painted to match the approved project colors.
- 18. Existing on-site plant material damaged during construction shall be replaced with comparable species and size.